

Environmental Accounting

Concept of environmental accounting

The Brother Group performs environmental accounting as an effective means to continuously improve the efficiency of environmental management, targeting eight business sites in Japan ("in Japan") and manufacturing facilities outside Japan ("outside Japan"). The Brother Group quantitatively assesses their effects, and then uses the results to plan environmental activities to be carried out the next fiscal year.

Calculation results for FY2021

These are the expenses, investments, and effectiveness of environmental activities in FY2021 (April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022) which is the final year in the Brother Group Environmental Action Plan 2021 (2019–2021) (the increases/decreases are based on comparisons with the previous fiscal year).

Environmental conservation costs

The Brother Group spent JPY 473 million in Japan (an increase of JPY 124 million) and JPY 69 million outside Japan (a decrease of JPY 188 million). The total amount was JPY 542 million (a decrease of JPY 64 million). In Japan, investments were made mainly to conserve the global environment, such as implementing energy conservation measures. Outside Japan, investments were also made mainly to conserve the global environment, including measures to prevent pollution and conserve energy. Expenditures and labor costs for various environmental conservation activities were JPY 1,085 million in Japan (an increase of JPY 153 million) and JPY 229 million outside Japan (an increase of JPY 46 million).

In FY2021 (April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022), JPY 100,000 was spent for the purchase of CO₂ absorption forest credit "Gifu Forestry Association's Profit-Sharing Afforestation Land Thinning Promotion Project" - The Clear Water Country Gifu Development Project.

			Investment (unit: JPY m		Expenses (unit: JPY m	nillion)
Classification of envi	ronmental conservation costs	Details of main activities and their effects	In Japan	Outside Japan	In Japan	Outside Japan
1. Business area cost	1) Pollution prevention costs	Pollution prevention measures (including air, water, vibration and noise)	1 (1)	35 (-113)	17 (-4)	102 (27)
	Global environmental conservation costs	Global warming prevention (energy-saving) measures	318 (61)	34 (-75)	245 (-14)	23 (0)
	3) Resource circulation costs	Recycling and reduction in waste generation	53 (52)	0 (0)	111 (6)	52 (6)
2. Upstream/ downstream cost Costs incurred to reduce environmental impact when procuring parts and materials and after selling products Green procurement activities; collection and recycling used products/consumables		Green procurement activities; collection and recycling of used products/consumables	0 (-1)	0 (0)	85 (3)	0 (0)
3. Administration cost Costs incurred by activities that contribute indirectly to reducing the environmental impact of business operations Establishment, administration, and maintenance of the ISO 14001 system; environmental training for employees; disclosure of environmental information; greening and cleanup of manufacturing facilities and the surrounding areas			93 (50)	0 (0)	266 (-22)	47 (12)
4. R&D cost	R&D costs for reducing environmental impact	Development of eco-conscious products and technologies that help mitigate climate change such as energy saving and resource conservation designs; implementation and design improvement of product environmental assessments	8 (-34)	0 (0)	340 (189)	0 (0)
5. Social activity cost Costs of environmental conservation that is not directly linked with corporate activities Support for environmental conservation organizations; support for environmental activities by local citizens; information services		0 (0)	0 (0)	18 (-4)	5 (1)	
Cost to deal with environmental damage	Costs incurred to restore the natural environment (including soil remediation)	Soil contamination surveys; soil remediation	0 (-5)	0 (0)	3 (-1)	0 (0)
Total			473 (124)	69 (-188)	1,085 (153)	229 (46)

Figures in parentheses show increases/decreases in the amount from the previous fiscal year.



Environmental conservation effects

Energy input increased 6.0% in Japan and increased 7.4% outside Japan.

Water consumption decreased 4.4% in Japan and increased 5.1% outside Japan, resulting in an overall increase of 3.7%.

CO₂ emissions increased 1.8% in Japan and 16.5% outside Japan, resulting in an overall increase of 12.0%.

In FY2021, 10 tons of carbon credits for forest absorption were purchased.

Content of environ	mental conservation effects	Classification of index to mea	In Japan	Outside Japan	
Effects resulting from business area cost	Effects related to resource input into business operations	(kL: converted into crude oil quantity)	10,775 (606)	25,122 (1,730)	
333		Water input	m ³	76,787 (-3,544)	477,739 (23,199)
	Effects related to environmental impact and waste released from business operations	Release into the atmosphere from energy use	CO ₂ (t-CO ₂ /year) * from energy use Based on the emission factors of international standards	20,654 (355)	54,876 (7,764)
			NO _x (kg/year)	2,437 (229)	4,085 (647)
			SO _x (kg/year)	11 (0)	197 (55)
		Generation of waste	Generation of waste	1,944 (276)	6,575 (-257)
			Landfill waste (t)	0 (0)	174 (51)

Figures in parentheses show increases/decreases in the amount from the previous fiscal year.

Economic effects derived from environmental conservation measures*

The main economic effects were reduction in waste treatment costs mainly due to recycling in Japan, and operating income from the waste recycling and reduction in energy cost due to energy conservation measures outside Japan.

Content of econ	omic effects	In Japan (unit: JPY million)	Outside Japan (unit: JPY million)
Income	Operating income from recycling of waste generated from main business operations	14.3 (11)	114.0 (62)
Cost reduction	Reduction in energy cost by energy saving	15.2 (5)	43.2 (-79)
	Reduction in waste treatment cost due to resource conservation and recycling	37.0 (3)	78.3 (-89)
Other	Publicity effects, such as newspaper reporting, calculated in terms of advertising expenses	17.6 (2)	0.2
Total		84.1 (21)	235.7 (-105)

Figures in parentheses show increases/decreases in the amount from the previous fiscal year.

Scope of aggregation

Eight business sites in Japan (head office of Brother Industries, Ltd., Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center*1), Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd., Brother Industries (Shenzhen), Ltd.*2 Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Machinery Vietnam Co., Ltd., and Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.

^{*:} Since FY2016 (April 1, 2016-March 31, 2017), the CO₂ emissions from energy use have been calculated based on the emission factors of the international standards. For electricity, emission factors of respective countries released by the International Energy Agency (IEA) are used. For fuel, emission factors of respective countries released by the GHG Protocol are used. The values calculated using the conventional emission factors are also indicated for reference. The values calculated based on the international standards have been increased by more than 40% compared to the conventional values.

^{*:} Economic effects derived from environmental conservation measures are those that can be calculated in monetary terms from among the effects derived from the environmental conservation activities. Effects that cannot be calculated based on solid grounds (i.e., assumed effects and accidental effects) are not calculated.

^{*1:} For Logistics Center, only "Environmental conservation effects" was aggregated.

^{*2:} Current Brother Technology (Shenzhen), Ltd.

Environmental Accounting (Detailed Data: FY2017-FY2021)

Environmental Conservation Effects

Content of Enviro	onmental Conservation Effects	-	ex to Measure Environmental Conservation	In Japan					Outside Japan				
		Effects	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	
Effects resulting	Effects related to resource input into business	Total energy input	(kL: converted into crude oil quantity)	10,929	10,406	9,849	10,169	10,775	26,408	26,960	24,214	23,392	25,122
	operations	Water input	m ³	88,322	92,265	83,049	80,331	76,787	720,417	597,718	504,594	454,540	477,739
	Effects related to environmental impact and waste	atmosphere from	CO ₂ (t-CO ₂ /year) from energy use	23,111*1	21,426	20,434	20,299	20,654	55,738*1	59,649	50,777	47,112	54,876
	released from business operations		NOx (kg/year)	2,404	2,316	2,165	2,208	2,437	5,540	4,967	3,789	3,438	4,085
	energy use Generation of waste	SOx (kg/year)	11	11	11	11	11	125	93	73	142	197	
		Generation of	Amount of waste generation (t)	1,772	1,762	1,658	1,668	1,944	7,172	8,683	7,936	6,832	6,575
		waste	Landfill waste (t)	0	0	0	0	0	121	136	110	123	174

^{1.} In FY2016, the CO₂ emission factors were changed from the values in accordance with the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures to the values based on the international standards

Economic Effects Derived from Environmental Conservation Measures

Unit: millions of Yen

Content of Econ	omic Effects			In Japan	In Japan Outside Japan						
				FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Income	Operating income from recycling of waste generated from main business operations	5.5	4.8	2.8	3.2	14.3	60.2	63.6	58.6	51.6	114.0
Cost reduction	Reduction in energy cost by energy-saving	17.5	11.3	11.4	10.3	15.2	80.2	88.0	90.1	121.9	43.2
	Reduction in waste treatment cost due to resource-saving and recycling	32.5	35.7	32.1	34.3	37.0	19.1	106.2	87.5	167.1	78.3
Other Publicity effects, such as newspaper reporting, calculated in terms of advertising expenses			2.6	4.7	15.4	17.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Total	56.3	54.4	51.0	63.2	84.1	159.9	258.1	236.4	340.8	235.7

Environmental Conservation Costs Unit: millions of Yen etails of Main Implementation and the Effects Classification of Environmental Conservation Costs Investment Amount Expense Amount FY2019 FY2017 FY2018 FY2020 FY2021 FY2017 FY2018 FY2019 FY2021 FY2020 1. Business area costs: Costs for reducing direct environmental impacts occurring within the facility area 189 288 (1) Pollution prevention cost Pollution prevention measures (including air, water, vibration and Breakdown: oise) (2) Global environmental conservation cost Global warming prevention (energy-saving) measures 226 (3) Resource circulation cost Recycling and reduction in waste generation 104 106 105 111 Green procurement activities; collection and recycling of used Costs incurred to reduce environmental impact when procuring parts and products/consumables naterials and after selling products Administration cost: Establishment, administration and maintenance of the ISO 14001 317 296 288 system; environmental training for employees: disclosure of Costs incurred by activities that contribute indirectly to reducing the environmental impact of business operations nvironmental information; greening and cleanup of manufacturing facilities and their surrounding areas evelopment of eco-conscious products and technologies that help mitigate climate change such as energy conservation and resource conservation designs; implementation of product environmental R&D costs for reducing environmental impact assessments; design improvement Social activity cost: Support for environmental conservation groups and organizations; Costs of environmental conservation that is not directly linked with support for environmental activities by local citizens; information orporate activities Cost to deal with environmental damage: oil contamination surveys; soil remediation Costs incurred to restore the natural environment (including soil

Classification		Details of Main Implementation and the Effects	Outside Japan										
				In	vestment Amou	nt		Expense Amount					
			FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	
1. Business are	a costs: Costs for reducing direct environmental impacts o	ccurring within the facility area	37	95	58	257	69	162	160	133	144	177	
Breakdown:	(1) Pollution prevention cost	Pollution prevention measures (including air, water, vibration and noise)	8	7	23	148	35	96	90	70	75	102	
	(2) Global environmental conservation cost	Global warming prevention (energy-saving) measures	28	88	35	109	34	14	5	7	23	23	
	(3) Resource circulation cost	Recycling and reduction in waste generation	1	0	0	0	0	52	65	56	46	52	
Costs incurred	/downstream cost: Indeed to reduce environmental impact when procuring parts and differ selling products Green procurement activities; collection and recycling of used 31 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0	0	0								
Administration cost: Costs incurred by activities that contribute indirectly to reducing the environmental impact of business operations		Establishment, administration and maintenance of the ISO 14001 system; environmental training for employees: disclosure of environmental information; greening and cleanup of manufacturing facilities and their surrounding areas	0	0	0	0	0	32	33	32	35	47	
4. R&D cost: R&D costs for r	educing environmental impact	Development of eco-conscious products and technologies that help mitigate climate change such as energy conservation and resource conservation designs; implementation of product environmental assessments; design improvement	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	6	0	0	
Social activity cost: Costs of environmental conservation that is not directly linked with corporate activities		Support for environmental conservation groups and organizations; support for environmental activities by local citizens; information services	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	10	4	5	
6. Cost to deal with environmental damage: Costs incurred to restore the natural environment (including soil remediation) Soil contamination surve		Soil contamination surveys; soil remediation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tota	I	68	95	58	257	69	210	210	181	183	229	

Scope of aggregation

Fiscal Year	Target Period		Name of Site						
		In Japan	Outside Japan						
FY2017	April 1, 2017–March 31, 2018	Head office, Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center	Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. '2, Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Machinery Vietnam Co., Ltd. '4, Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.						
FY2018	April 1, 2018–March 31, 2019	Head office, Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center	Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. 2, Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Machinery Vietnam Co., Ltd. 4, Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.						
FY2019	April 1, 2019–March 31, 2020	Head office, Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center	Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. 2, Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Machinery Vietnam Co., Ltd. 4, Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.						
FY2020	April 1, 2020–March 31, 2021	Head office, Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center	Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. 2, Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.						
FY2021	April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022	Head office, Mizuho Manufacturing Facility, Hoshizaki Manufacturing Facility, Minato Manufacturing Facility, Momozono Manufacturing Facility, Kariya Manufacturing Facility, Research & Development Center, Logistics Center	Brother Industries (U.K.) Ltd., Brother Industries (Slovakia) s.r.o., Taiwan Brother Industries, Ltd., Zhuhai Brother Industries, Co., Ltd., Brother Machinery Xian Co., Ltd., Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. '2, Brother Industries (Vietnam) Ltd., Brother Industries Saigon, Ltd., Brother Industries (Philippines), Inc.						

^{*1:} For Logistics Center and Brother Industries Technology (M) Sdn. Bhd. in FY2016, only "Environmental Conservation Effects" was aggregated.

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The calculated values for FY2017 using the emission factors of the Act were 16,318 in Japan and 39,659 outside Japan

^{*2:} Brother Industries (Shenzhen), Ltd. was subject to an absorption-type merger in October 2016, with Brother Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. as the surviving company.

^{*3:} Brother Industries Technology (M) Sdn. Bhd. terminated its business operations on March 31, 2017.

^{*4:} Brother Machinery Vietnam Co., Ltd. ceased production on December 23, 2020.